JOURNEY WITH ME.
Every child is healthy, well-educated and financially secure.
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Every child is healthy, well-educated and financially secure.
“It’s not race, it’s poverty.”
22 percent of Tarrant County children live in poverty (<$24,000 for a family of four)

Source: 2014 American Community Survey (1-Yr), Table C17001
22 percent of Tarrant County children live in poverty (<$24,000 for a family of four)

- White, 18%
- Asian, 20%
- Black, 33%
- Latino, 33%

Source: 2014 American Community Survey (1-Yr), Table C17001, A, B, D, I
Median income for households with children in Tarrant County is $65,000

Source: CPPP analysis of 2014 Public Use Microdata Sample (1-yr)
Median income for households with children in Tarrant County is $65,000

**HISPANIC**
$47,000

**BLACK**
$47,000

**ASIAN**
$88,000

**WHITE**
$91,000

Source: CPPP analysis of 2014 Public Use Microdata Sample (1-yr)
“It’s not race and poverty.” and gender and place and...
Advancing **race + gender equity** – particularly the **financial security** of women – benefits kids.
30% of Tarrant County kids live with single parents.

Poverty affects single mothers at rates nearly 2x higher than single fathers.

Source: 2014 American Community Survey (5-yr) Table B17010
Poverty rate for White single mothers is higher than for White single fathers.

Poverty rate for single mothers who are Hispanic.

Source: 2014 American Community Survey (5-yr) Table B17010, H & I
Teen births are dropping in Tarrant County.

Source: Department of State Health Services
Unemployment rates are dropping in Tarrant County.

Source: Texas Workforce Commission
Median earnings for **Full-Time, Year-Round** Workers in Tarrant County

Source: 2014 American Community Survey (1-yr) Table B20017D, B, H, I
Place matters.
Child population by race/ethnicity, 2010 (By Census tract, 1 dot = 1 child)

Source: 2010 Decennial Census, SF1, PCT 12
Source: 2010 Decennial Census, SF1, PCT 12 and 2014 American Community Survey (5-yr), Table S1701
Policy matters.
Every child is healthy, well-educated and financially secure.
Tarrant County has improved uninsured rates for all children and made progress in closing racial/ethnic gaps.

Hispanic, 15%
Total, 10%
White, 10%
Black, 7%

Source: 2009 and 2014 American Community Survey (1-Yr), Table C27001, B, I, H  Child uninsured rates, 2009-2014
The “Coverage Gap”

50,000 adults in Tarrant County

Statewide:
- 67% people of color
- 55% female
- 33% adults with dependent children

Sources: CPPP model and analysis based on US Census SAHIE, ACS, and CPS data and Kaiser Family Foundation estimates of Texas statewide Medicaid Expansion and Coverage Gap populations. Kaiser Family Foundation (http://kaiserf.am/1VQAs67)
Source: CPPP analysis of 2014 Public Use Microdata Sample (1-yr)
Tarrant County infant health indicators, 2013

Late or No Prenatal Care

Premature Births

Low Birthweight

Infant Mortality (Rate per 1,000 births)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Race/Ethnicity</th>
<th>Late or No Prenatal Care</th>
<th>Premature Births</th>
<th>Low Birthweight</th>
<th>Infant Mortality</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>White</td>
<td>28%</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>7%</td>
<td>4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asian, multiracial or other race</td>
<td>41%</td>
<td>13%</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hispanic</td>
<td>56%</td>
<td>15%</td>
<td>13%</td>
<td>13%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black</td>
<td>48%</td>
<td>11%</td>
<td>7%</td>
<td>8%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Tarrant County infant health indicators, 2013 (% or Rate out of live births within each racial/ethnic category)
Food insecurity affects Black and Hispanic children in Texas at rates nearly twice as high as White children.

Source: PRB analysis of CPS, 3-yr average from 2012, 2013 2014 Food Security Supplements

Rates of child food insecurity in Texas, 2013
Every child is healthy, well-educated and financially secure.
Achievement measures are important for evaluating progress towards equity.

- Asian, 94%
- White, 92%
- Multiracial, 91%
- Total, 88%
- Hispanic, 85%
- Black, 84%

Source: Texas Education Agency

Bexar County high school completion rates, 2009-2014
How do you measure the “opportunity gap”?
Poorest 3 ISDs in Tarrant County, 2014-15

$189,268
Property Wealth Per Student

Wealthiest 3 ISDs in Tarrant County, 2014-15

$652,700
Property Wealth Per Student

Source: Texas Education Agency. “Per student” refers to Average Daily Attendance. Poorest ISDs as measured by property/student are Grapevine-Colleyville, Carroll and Hurst-Euless-Bedford ISDs; the wealthiest are Lake Worth, Everman and Casteberry ISDs.
Poorest 3 ISDs in Tarrant County, 2014-15

- Hispanic: 1% (20% of total)
- White: 63%
- Black: 15%
- Other: 2%

Wealthiest 3 ISDs in Tarrant County, 2014-15

- Hispanic: 8% (11% of total)
- White: 52%
- Black: 24%
- Other: 6%

Source: Texas Education Agency. “Per student” refers to Average Daily Attendance. Poorest ISDs as measured by property/student are Grapevine-Colleyville, Carroll and Hurst-Euless-Bedford ISDs; the wealthiest are Lake Worth, Everman and Casteberry ISDs.
Teacher instability is most likely to affect Black students in Tarrant County. According to the source, 45% of Black students are enrolled in schools with more than 20 percent teacher turnover. This is followed by Hispanic students at 40%, Asian students at 34%, and White students at 31%.
Tarrant County total student enrollment

- White, 32%
- Asian, 5%
- Black, 19%
- Hispanic, 40%
- Multiracial, 3%

Source: CPPP analysis of Texas Education Agency data, 2014-15 TAPR reports
Tarrant County total student enrollment

- White, 32%
- Asian, 5%
- Black, 19%
- Hispanic, 40%
- Multiracial, 3%

Enrollment in AP Physics

- 42%
- 30%
- 3%
- 13%
- 12%

Source: Texas Education Agency
Male, 51%  
Female, 49%  

Tarrant County total student enrollment  

Source: Texas Education Agency
Tarrant County total student enrollment

VS

Enrollment in AP Physics

Male, 51%
Female, 49%

Source: Texas Education Agency
Architecture & Engineering
TX Men: $80,000
TX Women: $62,000

Registered Nurses
TX Men: $66,000
TX Women: $55,000

Source: 2014 American Community Survey (1-Year Estimates), Table S2401 and analysis of PUMS. Data is for Texas.
Equity matters.
What can we do?
Collect, analyze and use data by race and ethnicity.
Recommendations

- Support working families.
Recommendations

- Close the “Coverage Gap.”
Recommendations

- Make school funding more adequate and equitable.
Learn
Share
Act
JOURNEY WITH ME.
We believe in a Texas that offers everyone the chance to compete and succeed in life.

We envision a Texas where everyone is healthy, well-educated, and financially secure.